

Scapy, a packet manipulation tool

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What is Scapy ?

- fast packet manipulation in Python
 - send, receive, inject, save, modify, ...
- default values that work
- hidden tricks: checksum computations, interface selection, ...
- developped by Philippe Biondi since 2003
- maintained by Pierre Lalet and Guillaume Valadon since 2013

Scapy as a command line tool

Packet built layer by layer (Ether, IP, TCP, ...) using the slash operator, such as:

```
In [3]: IP(dst="k.root-servers.net")/UDP()/DNS(qd=DNSQR(qname="www.ripe.net"))
```

```
Out[3]: <IP frag=0 proto=udp dst=Net('k.root-servers.net') |<UDP sport=domain |<DNS qd=<DNSQR qname='www.ripe.net' |> |>>>
```

Scapy matches queries and replies:

```
In [4]: query = _  
reply = sr1(query)  
reply[DNS].ns[0]
```

```
Received 22 packets, got 1 answers, remaining 0 packets  
Begin emission:  
Finished to send 1 packets.
```

```
Out[4]: <DNSRR rrname='net.' type=NS rclass=IN ttl=172800 rdata='a.gtld-servers.net.' |<DNSRR rrname='net.' type=NS rclass=IN ttl=172800 rdata='b.gtld-servers.net.' |<DNSRR rrname='net.' type=NS rclass=IN ttl=172800 rdata='c.gtld-servers.net.' |<DNSRR rrname='net.' type=NS rclass=IN ttl=172800 rdata='d.gtld-servers.net.' |<DNSRR rrname='net.' type=NS rclass=IN ttl=172800 rdata='e.gtld-servers.net.' |<DNSRR rrname='net.' type=NS rclass=IN ttl=172800 rdata='f.gtld-servers.net.' |<DNSRR rrname='net.' type=NS rclass=IN ttl=172800 rdata='g.gtld-servers.net.' |<DNSRR rrname='net.' type=NS rclass=IN ttl=172800 rdata='h.gtld-servers.net.' |<DNSRR rrname='net.' type=NS rclass=IN ttl=172800 rdata='i.gtld-servers.net.' |<DNSRR rrname='net.' type=NS rclass=IN ttl=172800 rdata='j.gtld-servers.net.' |<DNSRR rrname='net.' type=NS rclass=IN ttl=172800 rdata='k.gtld-servers.net.' |<DNSRR rrname='net.' type=NS rclass=IN ttl=172800 rdata='l.gtld-servers.net.' |<DNSRR rrname='net.' type=NS rclass=IN ttl=172800 rdata='m.gtld-servers.net.'  
|>>>>>>>>>
```

Some useful functions, for example:

```
In [5]: wrpcap("/tmp/dns.pcap", reply)
```

Scapy as a Python module

A simple ping6 with Scapy:

```
from scapy.all import *
import argparse

parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description="A simple ping6")
parser.add_argument("ipv6_address", help="An IPv6 address")
args = parser.parse_args()

reply = sr1(IPv6(dst=args.ipv6_address)/ICMPv6EchoRequest(), verbose=0)
reply.show()
```

Supported protocols

- IP, IPv6, UDP, TCP, ICMP, ICMPv6, ...
- DNS/DNSSEC, SNMP, DHCP, DHCPv6, HSRP, ...
- RIP, BGP, Mobile IPv6, ...
- contributions: OpenFlow, MPLS, HomePlug AV, ..

Adding a new protocol

Let's add a new protocol on top of Ethernet:

```
class NewProtocol(Packet):
    name = "New Protocol"
    fields_desc = [ IntField('id', 0),
                    ByteEnumField('type', 0, {0: 'query', 1: 'answer'}),
                    MACField('mac', '00:00:00:00:00:00') ]

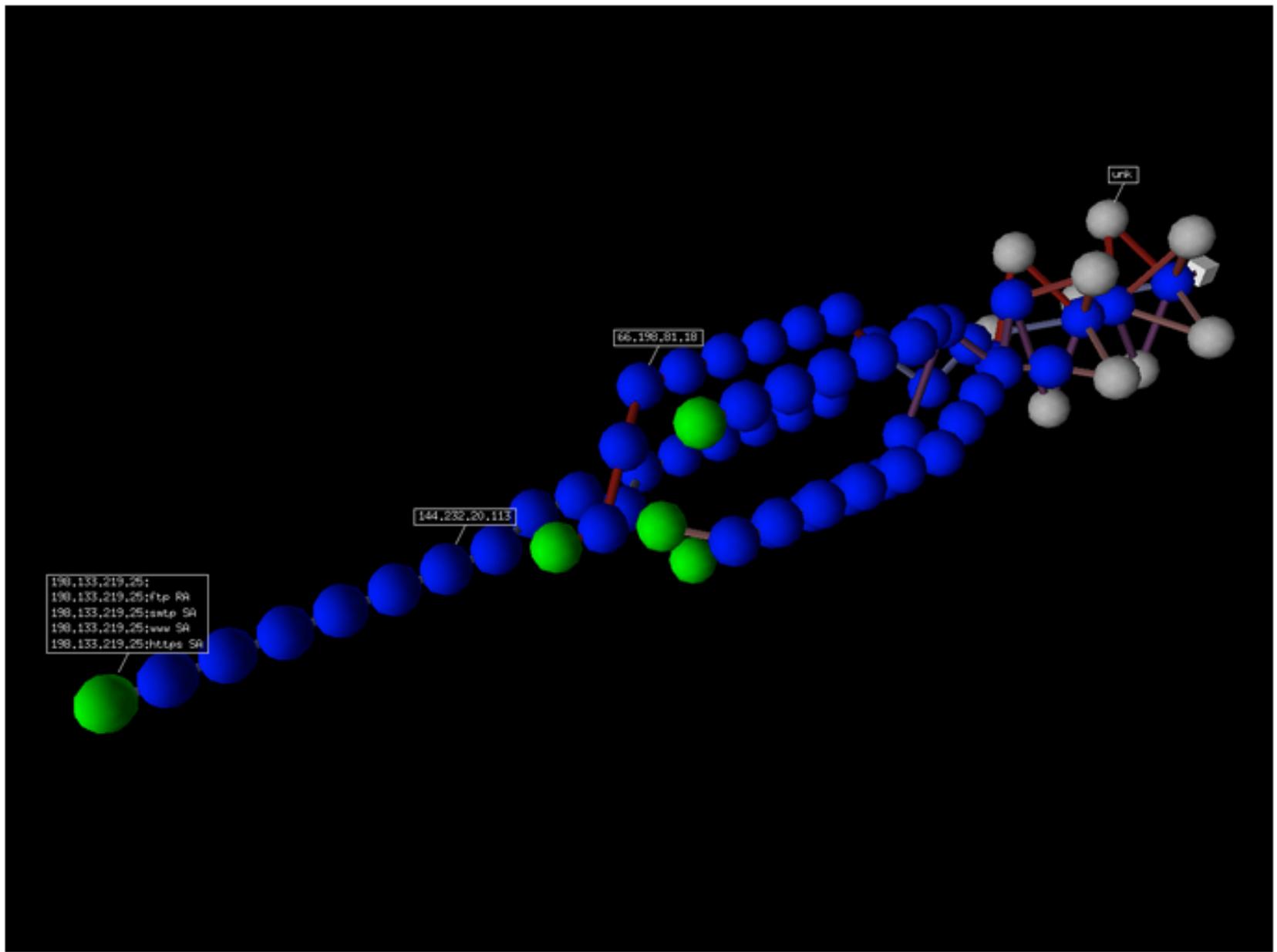
bind_layers(Ether, NewProtocol, {'type': 0xabcd, 'dst': 'ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff'})
```

More features are available

- answering machines
- automation
- ...

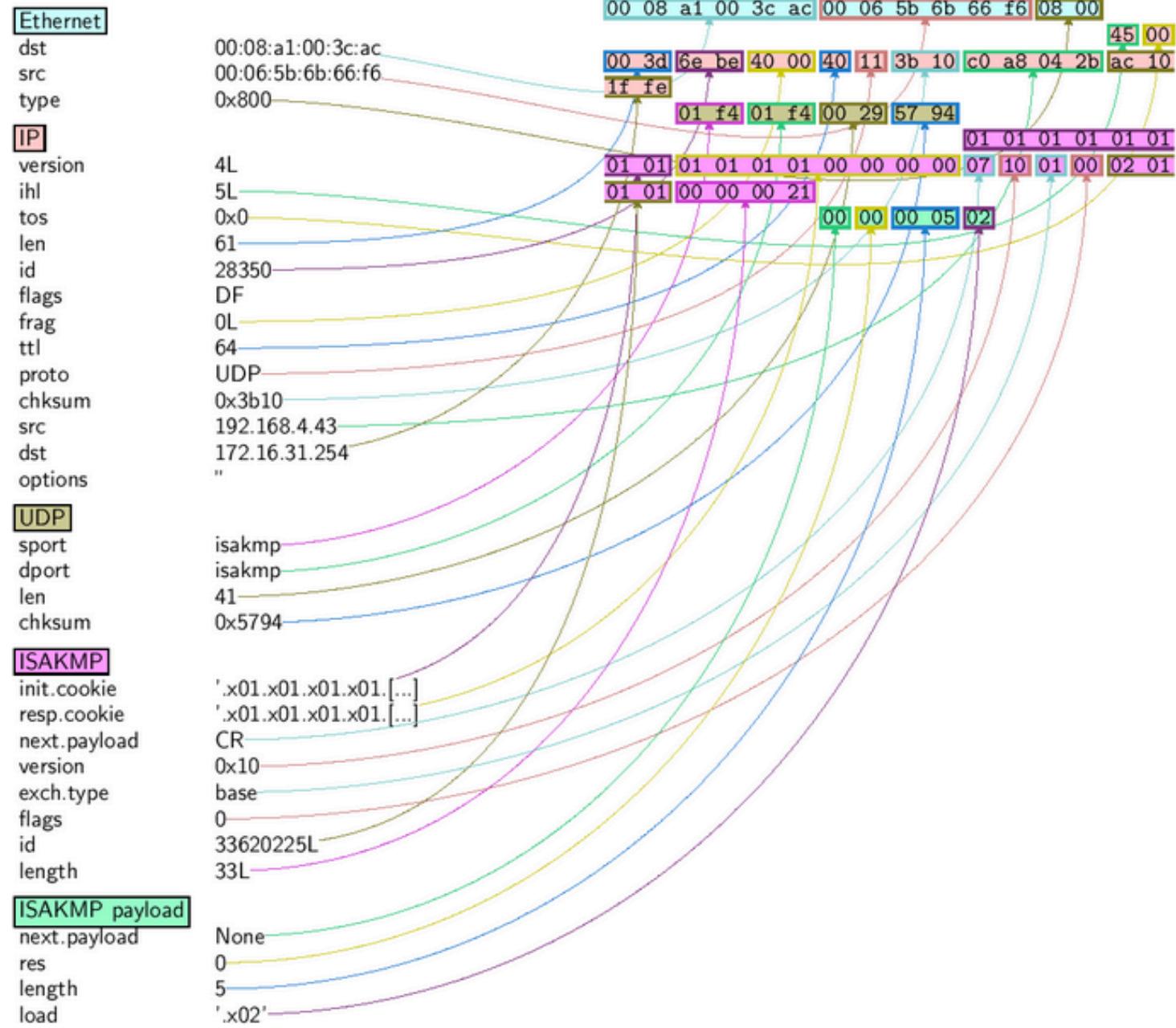
In [8]: `Image(filename="trace3d.png")`

Out[8]:



In [6]: `Image(filename="isakmp_dump.png")`

Out[6]:



Where ?

- Scapy works on Linux, *BSD, MAC OS X
 - the Windows port does not work anymore
- stable version: 2.3.1
 - pip, arch, and gentoo
- development version on bitbucket:
 - hg clone <https://bitbucket.org/secdev/scapy/>

How can you help ?

- tell that you use Scapy
- report issues on Bitbucket
- share your protocols
- invite use to give tutorials